# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

548

Section 1. Identification				
Product name	: MULTI PANEL ACTIVATOR SLOW			
Product code	: 548			
Other means of identification	: Not available.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Paint or paint related material.				
Manufacturer	: Distributed in the US by: ABI (Autobody Brands International) A Division of IAMG/International Autobody Marketing Group 1505 N. Hayden Road, Suite 111 Scottsdale, AZ 85257 www.advantagerefinishproducts.com			
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (800) 424-9300			
Product Information Telephone Number	: 1-87-REFINISH (480) 451-4451			
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902			
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300			

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</li> </ul>
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 30% (oral), 30% (dermal), 30% (inhalation)

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS. VAPOR AND SPRAY MIST HARMFUL. Gives off harmful vapor of solvents and isocyanates. DO NOT USE IF YOU HAVE CHRONIC (LONG-TERM) LUNG OR BREATHING PROBLEMS, OR IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD A REACTION TO ISOCYANATES. USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. WHERE OVERSPRAY IS PRESENT, A POSITIVE PRESSURE AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR (NIOSH approved) SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT EXPOSURE. IF UNAVAILABLE, AN APPROPRIATE PROPERLY FITTED APPROVED NIOSH VAPOR/PARTICULATE RESPIRATOR MAY BE EFFECTIVE. Follow directions for respirator use. Wear the respirator for the whole time of spraying and until all vapors and mists are gone. If you have any breathing problems during use, LEAVE THE AREA and get fresh air. If problems remain or happen later, IMMEDIATELY call a doctor - If not available get emergency medical treatment. Have this label with you. Reacts with water in closed container to produce pressure which may cause container to burst.</li> </ul>
Hazards not otherwise	: None known.

classified

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture

- : Mixture
- Other means of identification
- : Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	≥25 - ≤50	28182-81-2
Isophorone Diisocyanate Polymer	≥25 - ≤50	53880-05-0
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤10	64742-95-6
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6
n-Butyl Acetate	≤10	123-86-4
trimethylbenzene	<1	25551-13-7
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	108-67-8
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	95-63-6
Isophorone Diisocyanate (max.)	≤0.3	4098-71-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or
imalation	dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	-	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental

pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

	(ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	28182-81-2	None.
sophorone Diisocyanate Polymer	53880-05-0	None.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	64742-95-6	None.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	OARS WEEL (United States, 1/2021). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 130 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Buty
		acetates]
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
trimathulhanzana	25551-13-7	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
trimethylbenzene	20001-10-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [trimethyl benzene, isomers]
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
		[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
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Isophorone Diisocyanate (max.)	4098-71-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 0.045 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 0.02 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 0.18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
		STEL: 0.18 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Cyanides] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as CN) 8 hours.

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Canada)**

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Isophorone Diisocyanate Polymer	53880-05-0	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer.
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[butyl acetates, all isomers]</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers]</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>[butyl acetates]</li> <li>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Isophorone diisocyanate	4098-71-9	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. C: 0.01 ppm</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>Skin sensitizer. TWAEV: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 0.045 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 0.015 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Isocyanates, organic compounds] Ceiling Limit: 0.02 ppm TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>

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Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)					
		CAS #	Exposure limits		
n-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.		
Appropriate engineering controls	other engineers recomment vapor or c	ineering controls to keep winded or statutory limits.	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or vorker exposure to airborne contaminants below any he engineering controls also need to keep gas, any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof		
Environmental exposure controls	they comp cases, fur	oly with the requirements o	process equipment should be checked to ensure of environmental protection legislation. In some gineering modifications to the process equipment ns to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measu	ures				
Hygiene measures	eating, sn Appropria Contamin contamina	noking and using the lavate ite techniques should be us ated work clothing should	proughly after handling chemical products, before ory and at the end of the working period. sed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash g. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety n location.		
Eye/face protection	assessme gases or o	ent indicates this is necess dusts. If contact is possibl	pproved standard should be used when a risk ary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, e, the following protection should be worn, unless legree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection					
Hand protection	worn at al necessary during use noted that glove mar	Il times when handling che y. Considering the parame e that the gloves are still re t the time to breakthrough	es complying with an approved standard should be mical products if a risk assessment indicates this is eters specified by the glove manufacturer, check etaining their protective properties. It should be for any glove material may be different for different f mixtures, consisting of several substances, the be accurately estimated.		
Body protection	performed handling t static prot	d and the risks involved an this product. When there is	ne body should be selected based on the task being d should be approved by a specialist before s a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- eatest protection from static discharges, clothing oots and gloves.		
Other skin protection	based on		onal skin protection measures should be selected and the risks involved and should be approved by a lot.		
Respiratory protection	appropria	te standard or certification.	or exposure, select a respirator that meets the . Respirators must be used according to a sure proper fitting, training, and other important		

aspects of use.

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respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 123°C (253.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 46°C (114.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 0.7% Upper: 13.1%
Vapor pressure	: 1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 4 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.07
Solubility(ies)	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 9.361 kJ/g

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition pronot be produced.	oducts should
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials	
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, or braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not o	occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.	
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ing	redients.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 hours
Polymer			Ŭ	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Isophorone Diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	123 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
(max.)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4825 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Isophorone Diisocyanate Polymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Isophorone Diisocyanate (max.)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	;	Not available.
Potential acute health effe	ects	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p Eye contact		sical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties asthma nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue
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	dizziness/vertigo
	unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ffects
Not available.	
General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	7.47 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus Daphnia - Daphnia magna	96 hours 21 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/29/2022 Date of previous issue	: 11/7/2022 Version : 9	12/1
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## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	low
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water	partition
coefficient	(Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	ш	111	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Date of issue/Date of rev           548         MUL <sup>-</sup>	r <b>ision</b> : 11/29/20 TI PANEL ACTIVATOR SLO		issue : 11/7/2022		on :9 13/16 -85-NA-GHS-US

Section 14.	<b>Fransport</b> info	ormation			
Additional information	This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials. <b>ERG No.</b>	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	- ERG No.	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S- E
	128	128	128		
Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.					
Transport in bulk ac to IMO instruments	cording : Not avail	able.			

Proper shipping name :

: Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### International regulations

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
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Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

## Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buver/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.