# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

8017

# Section 1. Identification

Product name	: LOW VOC HIGH PERFORMANCE URETHANE PAINT JOHN DEERE YELLOW
Product code	: 8017
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: Distributed in the US by: ABI (Autobody Brands International) A Division of IAMG/International Autobody Marketing Group 1505 N. Hayden Road, Suite 111 Scottsdale, AZ 85257 www.5starxtreme.com
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (800) 424-9300
Product Information Telephone Number	: 1-87-REFINISH (480) 451-4451
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 15.3% (dermal), 30.6% (inhalation)</li> </ul>

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



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# Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.</li> </ul>
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Identification	

**CAS number/other identifiers** 

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	≥10 - ≤25	98-56-6
Methyl Acetate	≤10	79-20-9
n-Butyl Acetate	≤10	123-86-4
Bismuth Vanadate	≤10	14059-33-7
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	≤10	107-87-9
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	≤5	110-43-0
Titanium Dioxide	≤5	13463-67-7
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<1	64742-95-6
Xylene, mixed isomers	<1	1330-20-7
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	≤1	41556-26-7
Acrylates Copolymer	≤1	1259547-09-5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	<1	95-63-6
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	22464-99-9
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	≤0.3	108-10-1
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	≤0.3	64742-48-9
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	≤0.3	82919-37-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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# Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effe	ects				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.				
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>				
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.				
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>ptoms</u>				
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness				
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations				
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>				
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.				
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.				

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Evacuate entering. No flares adequate	a shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. e surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. , smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide e ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put priate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	Section 8	ized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- cy personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ainment a	ind cleaning up
Small spill	explosior or if wate	a if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and h-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, r-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	explosion water cou plant or p absorben container licensed same haz	a if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and n-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, urses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, at material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the zard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact on and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits		
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride Methyl Acetate	98-56-6 79-20-9	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 757 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NIOSH REL (Unite TWA: 150 ppm 10 TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 200 ppm 13 STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA PEL (United TWA: 150 ppm 8 TWA: 710 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	10 hours. 5 minutes. 15 minutes. <b>1 States, 5/2018).</b> hours.	
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		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Butyl acetates] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Bismuth Vanadate	14059-33-7	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [VANADIUM DUST] CEIL: 0.05 mg of Vanadium/cm <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes
		Form: Dust
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	107-87-9	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 530 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 700 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Xylene, mixed isomers	64742-95-6 1330-20-7	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [xylen TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate Acrylates Copolymer 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	41556-26-7 1259547-09-5 95-63-6	None. None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). [Zirconium and compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours.

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Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	64742-48-9 82919-37-7	None. None.

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl acetate	79-20-9	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>STEV: 757 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
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		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> <b>[butyl acetates, all isomers]</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Methyl propyl ketone	107-87-9	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 705 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 881 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 530 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 115 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 233 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>TWAEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> </ul>
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	Xylene	1330-20-7	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b> [Dimethylbenzene] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). [Xylene] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100
	Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	Zirconium z-Eurymexanoate	22404-99-9	<ul> <li>[Zirconium and compounds]</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). [Zirconium and compounds]</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021).</li> <li>[Zirconium and compounds]</li> <li>TWAEV: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> <li>STEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Zirconium and compounds]</li> <li>STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
	Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 205 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>15 min OEL: 307 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> </ul>
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	-	
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 3/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2021). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	107-87-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	[Zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

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Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>							
Physical state	: Liquid.						
Color	Not available.						
Odor	: Not available.						
Odor threshold	: Not available.						
рН	: Not applicable.						
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.						
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 55°C (131°F)						
Flash point	: Closed cup: -13°C (8.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]						
Evaporation rate	5.3 (butyl acetate = 1)						
Flammability	Not available.						
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 16%						
Vapor pressure	: 22.8 kPa (171 mm Hg)						
Relative vapor density	: 2.6 [Air = 1]						
Relative density	: 1.13						
Solubility(ies)	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Not available.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Aerosol product	
Heat of combustion	: 18.324 kJ/g

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

JOHN DEERE YELLOW

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-		
Methyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-		
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-		
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-		
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-		
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6500 mg/kg	-		
5 15	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-		
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-		
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-		
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours		
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours		
·,_, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-		
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	_		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	_		
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	_		
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	_		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-		
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Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	LC50 Inhalation Vapor			8500 mg/m³	4 hours -	
•	LD50 Oral			>6 g/kg		
rritation/Corrosion						
Product/ingredient name	Result	Spec	ies	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 100 mg	) -
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 500	) -
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabb		-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 500 mg	) –
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabb	it	-	405 mg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 14 mg	-
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Huma	an	-	72 hours 300 ug l	) -
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 100	) -
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabb	it	-	87 mg	-
·,·	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabb		-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat		-	8 hours 60 ul	L -
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabb	it	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 500 mg	)  -
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 100 uL	) -
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabb	it	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 500 mg	)  -
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabb	it	-	500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabb	it	-	24 hours 15	-
					mg	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	-	2B	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	2B	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Category 2	-	-

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
ngestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the p	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	

Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> </ul>
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Fertility effects

: Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates			
Route ATE value			
Oral Inhalation (vapors)	17007.84 mg/kg 185.06 mg/l		

# Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl Acetate	Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 🥄
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	Acute LC50 1240000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	33 days
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

# Section 12. Ecological information

	•			
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Bismuth Vanadate	-	<14	low	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high	
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	low	
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	low	
Hydrotreated Heavy	-	10 to 2500	high	
Petroleum Naphtha				

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

# Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	-				
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (p- Chlorobenzotrifluoride Bis(pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	11	11	11	II	II
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Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.
Additional information	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). <b>ERG No.</b> 128	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required wher transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
pecial precautions	consi mode suital to shi of the dang	der container sizes. The of transport (sea, air, oly for that mode of tran pment, and compliance person offering the pr	e presence of a etc.), does not nsport. All pack e with the applic oduct for transp ained on all of	ded for informational pur a shipping description fo indicate that the product aging must be reviewed cable regulations is the s port. People loading and the risks deriving from the uations.	r a particular is packaged for suitability prior sole responsibility unloading

Proper shipping name : Not av

: Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### International regulations

International lists

 I lists
 : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.<br/>China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.<br/>Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.<br/>Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.<br/>Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.<br/>New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.<br/>Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.<br/>Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.<br/>Thailand inventory: Not determined.<br/>Turkey inventory: Not determined.<br/>Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - C SKIN CORROSION/IRRIT, SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ SKIN SENSITIZATION - C CARCINOGENICITY - Cat TOXIC TO REPRODUCTI SPECIFIC TARGET ORG/ irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORG/ Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
History		· ·
Date of printing	: 11/28/2022	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/28/2022	
Date of previous issue	: 10/4/2022	
Version	: 7	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate	

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Notice to reader

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

## Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buver/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.