

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

| 1. Identification               |  |              |   |
|---------------------------------|--|--------------|---|
| Product identifier              | Advantage 805 Finishing Putty  |              |   |
| Other means of identification   |  |              |   |
| Product Code                    | 26115  |              |   |
| Recommended use                 | Not available.   |              |   |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/ | Distributor information  |              |   |
| Manufacturer                    |  |              |   |
| Company name<br>Address         | ADVANTAGE REFINISH PRODUCTS<br>a division of IAMG/International Autobody Marketing Group<br>1505 N. Hayden Road<br>Suite 111<br>Scottsdale, Arizona 85257<br>United States |              |   |
| Telephone                       | General Assistance   | 1-87-REFINIS | SH                                      |
| Website                         | www.advantagerefinish.com  |              |   |
| E-mail                          | Not available.   | 1 000 404 00 | <u></u>                                 |
| Emergency phone number          | Chemtrec   | 1-800-424-93 | 00                                      |
| 2. Hazard(s) identification     |  |              |   |
| Physical hazards                | Flammable liquids  |              | Category 3                              |
| Health hazards                  | Acute toxicity, oral   |              | Category 3                              |
|                                 | Acute toxicity, dermal   |              | Category 4                              |
|                                 | Acute toxicity, inhalation   |              | Category 4                              |
|                                 | Skin corrosion/irritation  |              | Category 2                              |
|                                 | Serious eye damage/eye irritat   | ion          | Category 2A                             |
|                                 | Sensitization, respiratory   |              | Category 1                              |
|                                 | Sensitization, skin  |              | Category 1                              |
|                                 | Germ cell mutagenicity   |              | Category 1B                             |
|                                 | Carcinogenicity  |              | Category 1B                             |
|                                 | Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)   |              | Category 2                              |
|                                 | Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure  |              | Category 3 respiratory tract irritation |
|                                 | Specific target organ toxicity, re exposure  | epeated      | Category 1                              |
| Environmental hazards           | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard   |              | Category 2                              |
|                                 | Hazardous to the aquatic envir<br>long-term hazard   | onment,      | Category 3                              |
| OSHA defined hazards            | Not classified.  |              |   |
| Label elements                  |  |              |   |



Danger

Hazard statement

Signal word

Flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

| Precautionary statement                      |  |
|--|--|
| Prevention                                   | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read<br>and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep<br>container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof<br>electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary<br>measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.<br>Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.<br>Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the<br>environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. In case of<br>inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. |
| Response                                     | If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.                                |
| Storage                                      | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.   |
| Disposal                                     | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.  |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise<br>classified (HNOC) | Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.  |
| Supplemental information                     | % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 76.56% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 49.24% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.  |

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

| Chemical name                           | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | %         |
|---|--------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Styrene, monomer                        |                          | 100-42-5   | 20 to <30 |
| Talc                                    |                          | 14807-96-6 | 10 to <20 |
| Calcium carbonate                       |                          | 1317-65-3  | 5 to <10  |
| fiberous glass                          |                          | 65997-17-3 | 5 to <10  |
| Magnesium carbonate                     |                          | 546-93-0   | 5 to <10  |
| Silicon dioxide                         |                          | 7631-86-9  | 1 to <5   |
| Titanium dioxide                        |                          | 13463-67-7 | 1 to <5   |
| 1,4-Benzoquinone                        |                          | 106-51-4   | 0.1 to <1 |
| light aromatic solvent naphtha          |                          | 64742-95-6 | 0.1 to <1 |
| THPA                                    |                          | 85-43-8    | 0.1 to <1 |
| Other components below reportable level | s                        |            | 40 to <50 |

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

| Inhalation   | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. |
|--------------|--|
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical<br>advice/attention if you feel unwell. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical<br>attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.   |
| Eye contact  | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.  |
| Ingestion    | Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.<br>Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.   |

| Most important<br>symptoms/effects, acute and<br>delayed                     | Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.   |
|--|--|
| Indication of immediate<br>medical attention and special<br>treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.  |
| General information  | Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.   |
| 5. Fire-fighting measures  |  |
| Suitable extinguishing media   | Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media   | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.   |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical                                   | Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment<br>and precautions for firefighters             | Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.  |
| Fire fighting<br>equipment/instructions                                      | In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.   |
| Specific methods   | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.   |
| General fire hazards   | Flammable liquid and vapor.  |
| 6. Accidental release meas   | sures  |

| Personal precautions,<br>protective equipment and<br>emergency procedures | Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. |
|---|--|
| Methods and materials for<br>containment and cleaning up                  | Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.  |
|   | Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  |
|   | Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  |
|   | Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.  |
| Environmental precautions   | Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.   |

### 7. Handling and storage

| 5 5   |   |
|---|---|
| Precautions for safe handling                                   | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read<br>and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of<br>ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation.<br>Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and<br>static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling<br>operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing,<br>filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container<br>filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take<br>precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product<br>must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or<br>vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or<br>swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not<br>handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a<br>well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly<br>after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.<br>Observe good industrial hygiene practices. |
|   | For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".  |
| Conditions for safe storage,<br>including any incompatibilities | Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).  |

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components                            | Туре    | Value     | Form                 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|
| 1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>106-51-4)    | PEL     | 0.4 mg/m3 |                      |
|                                       |         | 0.1 ppm   |                      |
| Calcium carbonate (CAS<br>1317-65-3)  | PEL     | 5 mg/m3   | Respirable fraction. |
| ,                                     |         | 15 mg/m3  | Total dust.          |
| Magnesium carbonate<br>(CAS 546-93-0) | PEL     | 5 mg/m3   | Respirable fraction. |
| 、 /                                   |         | 15 mg/m3  | Total dust.          |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS<br>13463-67-7)  | PEL     | 15 mg/m3  | Total dust.          |
| US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.100   | 0)      |           |                      |
| Components                            | Туре    | Value     |                      |
| Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>100-42-5)    | Ceiling | 200 ppm   |                      |
| ,                                     | TWA     | 100 ppm   |                      |
| US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.100   | 0)      |           |                      |
| Components                            | Туре    | Value     | Form                 |
| Silicon dioxide (CAS<br>7631-86-9)    | TWA     | 0.8 mg/m3 |                      |
| ,                                     |         | 20 mppcf  |                      |
| Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)                 | TWA     | 0.3 mg/m3 | Total dust.          |
| · · · · · ·                           |         | 0.1 mg/m3 | Respirable.          |
|                                       |         | 20 mppcf  |                      |
|                                       |         |           |                      |

## US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components                            | Туре          | Value             | Form                 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>106-51-4)    | TWA           | 0.1 ppm           |                      |
| Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>100-42-5)    | STEL          | 40 ppm            |                      |
|                                       | TWA           | 20 ppm            |                      |
| Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)                 | TWA           | 2 mg/m3           | Respirable fraction. |
| Titanium dioxide (CAS<br>13463-67-7)  | TWA           | 10 mg/m3          |                      |
| US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemica    |               |                   |                      |
| Components                            | Туре          | Value             | Form                 |
| 1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>106-51-4)    | TWA           | 0.4 mg/m3         |                      |
|                                       |               | 0.1 ppm           |                      |
| Calcium carbonate (CAS<br>1317-65-3)  | TWA           | 5 mg/m3           | Respirable.          |
|                                       |               | 10 mg/m3          | Total                |
| fiberous glass (CAS<br>65997-17-3)    | TWA           | 3 fibers/cm3      | Dust.                |
|                                       |               | 3 fibers/cm3      | Fiber.               |
|                                       |               | 5 mg/m3           | Fiber, total         |
|                                       |               | 5 mg/m3           | fibers, total dust   |
| Magnesium carbonate<br>(CAS 546-93-0) | TWA           | 5 mg/m3           | Respirable.          |
|                                       | <b>T</b> 14/4 | 10 mg/m3          | Total                |
| Silicon dioxide (CAS<br>7631-86-9)    | TWA           | 6 mg/m3           |                      |
| Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>100-42-5)    | STEL          | 425 mg/m3         |                      |
|                                       |               | 100 ppm           |                      |
|                                       | TWA           | 215 mg/m3         |                      |
| Talc (CAS 14807-96-6)                 | TWA           | 50 ppm<br>2 mg/m3 | Posnirablo           |
| 100 (000 14007-30-0)                  |               | 2 119/113         | Respirable.          |

## Biological limit values

| Components                         | Value    | Determinant                                      | Specimen            | Sampling Time |
|------------------------------------|----------|--|---------------------|---------------|
| Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>100-42-5) | 400 mg/g | Mandelic acid<br>plus<br>phenylglyoxylic<br>acid | Creatinine in urine | *             |
|                                    | 0.2 mg/l | Styrene  | Venous<br>blood     | *             |

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

### Exposure guidelines

| US - California OELs: Skin d        | lesignation   |   |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Styrene, monomer (CAS               | 100-42-5)   | Can be absorbed through the skin.                               |  |
| US - Minnesota Haz Subs: S          | kin designation applies   |   |  |
| Styrene, monomer (CAS               | 100-42-5)   | Skin designation applies.                                       |  |
| Appropriate engineering<br>controls | Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. |   |  |
| Individual protection measures,     | such as personal protective e   | quipment  |  |
| Eye/face protection                 | Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).   |   |  |
| Skin protection                     |   |   |  |
| Hand protection                     | Wear appropriate chemical res<br>supplier.  | sistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove |  |

| Other<br>Respiratory protection   | Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.<br>Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).   |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Thermal hazards                   | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.  |
| General hygiene<br>considerations | When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. |

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

| 9. Physical and chemical                   | properties  |
|--|---|
| Appearance                                 |   |
| Physical state                             | Liquid.   |
| Form                                       | Liquid. Paste   |
| Color                                      | Not available.  |
| Odor                                       | Not available.  |
| Odor threshold                             | Not available.  |
| рН   | Not available.  |
| Melting point/freezing point               | Not available.  |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range    | Not available.  |
| Flash point                                | Not available.  |
| Evaporation rate                           | Not available.  |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                  | Not applicable.   |
| Upper/lower flammability or exp            | losive limits   |
| Flammability limit - lower<br>(%)          | Not available.  |
| Flammability limit - upper<br>(%)          | Not available.  |
| Explosive limit - lower (%)                | Not available.  |
| Explosive limit - upper (%)                | Not available.  |
| Vapor pressure                             | Not available.  |
| Vapor density                              | Not available.  |
| Relative density                           | Not available.  |
| Solubility(ies)                            |   |
| Solubility (water)                         | Not available.  |
| Partition coefficient<br>(n-octanol/water) | Not available.  |
| Auto-ignition temperature                  | Not available.  |
| Decomposition temperature                  | Not available.  |
| Viscosity                                  | Not available.  |
| Other information                          |   |
| Density                                    | 8.00 lbs/gal  |
| Percent volatile                           | 24.15 % estimated   |
| Specific gravity                           | 0.96  |
| VOC  | 24.147661926 % estimated  |
| 10. Stability and reactivity               |   |
| Reactivity                                 | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability                         | Material is stable under normal conditions.   |

|                                    | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability                 | Material is stable under normal conditions.  |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur.   |
| Conditions to avoid                | Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials             | Strong acids. Aluminum. Peroxides. Fluorine.   |

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

| Inhalation   | Harmful if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Skin contact   | Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.   |  |  |
| Eye contact  | Causes serious eye irritation.   |  |  |
| Ingestion  | Harmful if swallowed.  |  |  |
| Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics | Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. |  |  |

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation.

| Components                           | Species                        | Test Results  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| 1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4       | 4)                             |   |  |
| Acute                                |                                |   |  |
| Oral                                 |                                |   |  |
| LD50                                 | Rat                            | 130 mg/kg   |  |
| Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9)      |                                |   |  |
| Acute                                |                                |   |  |
| Oral                                 |                                |   |  |
| LD50                                 | Mouse                          | > 15000 mg/kg                                       |  |
|                                      | Rat                            | > 22500 mg/kg                                       |  |
| Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-        | 5)                             |   |  |
| Acute                                |                                |   |  |
| Inhalation                           |                                |   |  |
| LC50                                 | Mouse                          | 4940 ppm, 2 Hours                                   |  |
|                                      | Rat                            | 2770 ppm, 4 Hours                                   |  |
|                                      |                                | 24 mg/l, 4 Hours                                    |  |
| Oral                                 |                                |   |  |
| LD50                                 | Mouse                          | 316 mg/kg   |  |
|                                      | Rat                            | 1 g/kg  |  |
| THPA (CAS 85-43-8)                   |                                |   |  |
| Acute                                |                                |   |  |
| Oral                                 |                                |   |  |
| LD50                                 | Rat                            | 5410 mg/kg  |  |
| * Estimates for a state of           |                                |   |  |
|                                      | be based on additional compone | nt data not snown.                                  |  |
| Skin corrosion/irritation            | Causes skin irritation.        |   |  |
| Serious eye damage/eye<br>irritation | Causes serious eye irritation. |   |  |
| Respiratory or skin sensitizatio     | n                              |   |  |
| Respiratory sensitization            |                                | symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.      |  |
| Skin sensitization                   |                                | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                |  |
| Germ cell mutagenicity               | May cause genetic defects.     |   |  |
| Carcinogenicity                      | May cause cancer.              |   |  |
|                                      | Evaluation of Carcinogenicity  |   |  |
| 1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS                | <b>U U</b>                     | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |  |
| Silicon dioxide (CAS 763             | 31-86-9)                       | 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. |  |
| Styrene, monomer (CAS                | 5 100-42-5)                    | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.                 |  |

| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13                              | 463-67-7)  | 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.   |
|---|--|---|
| OSHA Specifically Regulated                           | d Substances (29 CFR 1910.10                                 | 001-1050)   |
| Not listed.   |  |   |
| US. National Toxicology Pro                           | gram (NTP) Report on Carcin                                  | ogens   |
| Styrene, monomer (CAS                                 | 100-42-5)  | Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.  |
| Reproductive toxicity                                 | Suspected of damaging the ur                                 | nborn child.  |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure      | May cause respiratory irritation                             | n.  |
| Specific target organ toxicity -<br>repeated exposure | Causes damage to organs thr                                  | ough prolonged or repeated exposure.  |
| Aspiration hazard                                     | Not an aspiration hazard.                                    |   |
| Chronic effects                                       | Causes damage to organs three harmful. Prolonged exposure in | ough prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be may cause chronic effects. |

## 12. Ecological information

| onents                    | Species                                     | Test Results                   |
|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
|                           |   | Test Nesults                   |
| enzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4 |   |                                |
| quatic                    |   |                                |
| ish LC5                   | ) Fathead minnow (Pimephales promela        | s) 0.005 - 0.03 mg/l, 96 hours |
| ne, monomer (CAS 100-42-5 |   |                                |
| quatic                    |   |                                |
| rustacea ECS              | ) Water flea (Daphnia magna)                | 3.3 - 7.4 mg/l, 48 hours       |
| ish LC5                   | ) Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus) | 5.1 - 16 mg/l, 96 hours        |
| um dioxide (CAS 13463-67- | )   |                                |
| quatic                    |   |                                |
| rustacea ECS              | ) Water flea (Daphnia magna)                | > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours          |
| ish LC5                   | ) Mummichog (Fundulus heteroclitus)         | > 1000 mg/l, 96 hours          |
| quatic<br>rustacea ECS    | ) Water flea (Daphnia magna)                | 0                              |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

| Partition coefficient n-oc | tanol / water (log Kow)   |  |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| 1,4-Benzoquinone           | 0.2   |  |
| Styrene, monomer           | 2.95  |  |
| Mobility in soil           | No data available.  |  |
| Other adverse effects      | No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. |  |

## 13. Disposal considerations

| Disposal instructions                    | Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |  |
|--|--|--|
| Local disposal regulations               | Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.   |  |
| Hazardous waste code                     | The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.   |  |
| Waste from residues / unused<br>products | Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).   |  |
| Contaminated packaging                   | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.   |  |

## 14. Transport information

| DOT  |   |
|--|---|
| UN number  | UN1866  |
| UN proper shipping name  | Resin Solution  |
| Transport hazard class(es)   |   |
| Class  | 3   |
| Subsidiary risk  | -   |
| Label(s)   | 3   |
| Packing group  | III   |
| Special precautions for user   | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions   | B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29   |
| Packaging exceptions   | 150   |
| Packaging non bulk   | 203   |
| Packaging bulk   | 242   |
| ΙΑΤΑ   |   |
| UN number  | UN1866  |
| UN proper shipping name  | Resin Solution  |
| Transport hazard class(es)   |   |
| Class  | 3   |
| Subsidiary risk  | -   |
| Packing group  | III   |
| Environmental hazards  | No.   |
| ERG Code   | 3L  |
|  | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Other information  |   |
| Passenger and cargo  | Allowed.  |
| aircraft   |   |
| Cargo aircraft only  | Allowed.  |
| IMDG   |   |
| UN number  | UN1866  |
| UN proper shipping name  | Resin Solution  |
| Transport hazard class(es)   |   |
| Class  | 3   |
| Subsidiary risk  | -   |
| Packing group  | III   |
| Environmental hazards  |   |
| Marine pollutant   | No.   |
| EmS  | F-E, <u>S-E</u>   |
|  | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Transport in bulk according to<br>Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and<br>the IBC Code | Not established.  |
| DOT  |   |
|  |   |





## 15. Regulatory information

| ·····  |   |   |  |     |
|--|---|---|--|-----|
| US federal regulations   | This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication<br>Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.<br>All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.  |   |  |     |
| TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)  |   |   |  |     |
| Not regulated.<br>CERCLA Hazardous Subst   | ance List (40 CFR 302.4)  |   |  |     |
| 1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>SARA 304 Emergency relea   | S 100-42-5)   | Listed.<br>Listed.  |  |     |
| Not regulated.<br>OSHA Specifically Regulat<br>Not listed.   | ed Substances (29 CFR 1910  | 0.1001-1050)  |  |     |
| Superfund Amendments and R   | agutharization Act of 1986 (  |   |  |     |
| Hazard categories  | Immediate Hazard - Yes<br>Delayed Hazard - Yes<br>Fire Hazard - Yes<br>Pressure Hazard - No<br>Reactivity Hazard - No   | SARA)   |  |     |
| SARA 302 Extremely hazar<br>Not listed.  | dous substance  |   |  |     |
| SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical  | No  |   |  |     |
|  |   |   |  |     |
| SARA 313 (TRI reporting)   |   |   |  |     |
| SARA 313 (TRI reporting)<br>Chemical name  |   | CAS number  | % by wt.   |     |
|  |   | CAS number<br>100-42-5<br>106-51-4  | % by wt.<br>20 to <30<br>0.1 to <1   |     |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer  |   | 100-42-5  | 20 to <30  |     |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer<br>1,4-Benzoquinone<br>Other federal regulations   | n 112 Hazardous Air Polluta   | 100-42-5<br>106-51-4  | 20 to <30  |     |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer<br>1,4-Benzoquinone<br>Other federal regulations<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>Styrene, monomer (CAS   | 5 106-51-4)<br>5 100-42-5)  | 100-42-5<br>106-51-4<br>nts (HAPs) List   | 20 to <30<br>0.1 to <1   |     |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer<br>1,4-Benzoquinone<br>Other federal regulations<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio   | 106-51-4)   | 100-42-5<br>106-51-4<br>nts (HAPs) List   | 20 to <30<br>0.1 to <1   |     |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer<br>1,4-Benzoquinone<br>Other federal regulations<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>Styrene, monomer (CAS   | 5 106-51-4)<br>5 100-42-5)  | 100-42-5<br>106-51-4<br>nts (HAPs) List   | 20 to <30<br>0.1 to <1   |     |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer<br>1,4-Benzoquinone<br>Other federal regulations<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>Not regulated.<br>Safe Drinking Water Act  | 5 106-51-4)<br>5 100-42-5)<br>n 112(r) Accidental Release   | 100-42-5<br>106-51-4<br>nts (HAPs) List   | 20 to <30<br>0.1 to <1   |     |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer<br>1,4-Benzoquinone<br>Other federal regulations<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>Not regulated.<br>Safe Drinking Water Act<br>(SDWA)<br>US state regulations  | 5 106-51-4)<br>5 100-42-5)<br><b>n 112(r) Accidental Release</b><br>Not regulated.  | 100-42-5<br>106-51-4<br>nts (HAPs) List<br>Prevention (40 CFR                           | 20 to <30<br>0.1 to <1   |     |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer<br>1,4-Benzoquinone<br>Other federal regulations<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Section<br>1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Section<br>Not regulated.<br>Safe Drinking Water Act<br>(SDWA)<br>US state regulations<br>US. California Controlled S<br>Not listed.<br>US. California. Candidate C       | <ul> <li>106-51-4)</li> <li>100-42-5)</li> <li>n 112(r) Accidental Release</li> <li>Not regulated.</li> </ul>   | 100-42-5<br>106-51-4<br>nts (HAPs) List<br>Prevention (40 CFR<br>of Justice (California | 20 to <30<br>0.1 to <1<br>68.130)  | od. |
| Chemical name<br>Styrene, monomer<br>1,4-Benzoquinone<br>Other federal regulations<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS<br>Styrene, monomer (CAS<br>Clean Air Act (CAA) Sectio<br>Not regulated.<br>Safe Drinking Water Act<br>(SDWA)<br>US state regulations<br>US. California Controlled S<br>Not listed.<br>US. California. Candidate C<br>(a)) | <ul> <li>106-51-4)</li> <li>100-42-5)</li> <li>n 112(r) Accidental Release</li> <li>Not regulated.</li> </ul> Substances. CA Department of Chemicals List. Safer Consumplities (CAS 64742-95-6) S 100-42-5) 3463-67-7) Substance List | 100-42-5<br>106-51-4<br>nts (HAPs) List<br>Prevention (40 CFR<br>of Justice (California | 20 to <30<br>0.1 to <1<br>68.130)<br>a Health and Safety Code Section 11100) | od. |

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4)

Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3) fiberous glass (CAS 65997-17-3) Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0) Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4) Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3) fiberous glass (CAS 65997-17-3) Magnesium carbonate (CAS 546-93-0) Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) THPA (CAS 85-43-8) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4) Calcium carbonate (CAS 1317-65-3) fiberous glass (CAS 65997-17-3) Silicon dioxide (CAS 7631-86-9) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5) Talc (CAS 14807-96-6) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

1,4-Benzoquinone (CAS 106-51-4) Styrene, monomer (CAS 100-42-5)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

| Silicon dioxide (CAS 14808-60-7)  | Listed: October 1, 1988   |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) | Listed: September 2, 2011 |

#### International Inventories

| Country(s) or region        | Inventory name  | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Australia                   | Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)                        | Yes                    |
| Canada                      | Domestic Substances List (DSL)  | Yes                    |
| Canada                      | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)                                       | Yes                    |
| Europe                      | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical<br>Substances (EINECS) | Yes                    |
| New Zealand                 | New Zealand Inventory   | Yes                    |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory                             | Yes                    |

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

| Issue date    | 05-20-2015  |
|---------------|---|
| Version #     | 01  |
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 3*<br>Flammability: 3<br>Physical hazard: 0 |
| NFPA ratings  | Health: 3<br>Flammability: 3<br>Instability: 0      |

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