

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# 1. Identification

Product identifier STEALTH SATIN BLACK

Other means of identification

Product code ADV 740
Recommended use Coating

**Recommended restrictions** Professional Use Only Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name

ABI/AUTOBODY BRANDS INTERNATIONAL a division of

Address INTERNATIONAL AUTOBODY MARKETING GROUP
1505 NORTH HAYDEN RD, SUITE 111

SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85257

UNITED STATES

Telephone 1-87REFINISH

Website www.advantagerefinish.com

Emergency phone number EMERGENCY 24 Hrs. ChemTrec 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 2Health hazardsAcute toxicity, oralCategory 4

Acute toxicity, inhalation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Sensitization, skin

Category 2

Category 1

Carcinogenicity

Category 2

Reproductive toxicity (the unborn child)

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 3

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statement**

#### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Response

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

### **Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

54.95% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 57.23% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 94.29% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 92.21% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
parachlorobenzotriflouride		98-56-6	40 - < 60
Acetone		67-64-1	10 - < 30
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		110-43-0	10 - < 30
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel		112926-00-8	5 - < 10
Carbon Black		1333-86-4	1 - < 5
N-Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	1 - < 5
Trimethyl Benzene		25551-13-7	1 - < 5
Trimetyl Benzene		95-63-6	1 - < 5
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone		108-83-8	0< 1.5
Bis(1, 2, 2, 6, 6-Pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) Sebacate		41556-26-7	0< 1.5
Dibutyltin Dilaurate		77-58-7	0< 1.5
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	0< 1.5
Isopropyl Benzene		98-82-8	0< 1.5
Styrene		100-42-5	0< 1.5
Xylene		1330-20-7	0< 1.5
Other components below reportable levels	S		3 - < 5

<sup>\*</sup>Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact

Ingestion

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area, Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods General fire hazards Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions** 

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

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# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

<b>US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits</b>	for Air Contaminants	(29 CFR 1910.1000)
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Components	Туре	Value	
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)	PEL	290 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)	PEL	3.5 mg/m3	
Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)	PEL	0.1 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	PEL	465 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3	
ŕ		150 ppm	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1	000)		
Components	Туре	Value	
Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)	Ceiling	200 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
,		20 mppcf	
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values			_
Components	Туре	Value	Form
,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone CAS 108-83-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
arbon Black (CAS 333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
DibutyItin Dilaurate (CAS 7-58-7)	STEL	0.2 mg/m3	
	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 00-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
sopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS I 10-43-0)	TWA	50 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 23-86-4)	STEL	200 ppm	
	TWA	150 ppm	
Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	40 ppm	
	TWA	20 ppm	
rimethyl Benzene (CAS 5551-13-7)	TWA	25 ppm	
rimetyl Benzene (CAS 15-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
(ylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
S. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemica	Hazards		
omponents	Туре	Value	
,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone CAS 108-83-8)	TWA	150 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
,		250 ppm	
arbon Black (CAS 333-86-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
•		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
sopropyl Benzene (CAS 8-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3	
,		50 ppm	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)	TWA	465 mg/m3	
,		100 ppm	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS	STEL	950 mg/m3	
23-86-4)		Č	
		200 nnm	

200 ppm

Components	Туре	Value	
	TWA	710 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)	STEL	425 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
	TWA	215 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
,		25 ppm	

#### **Biological limit values**

ACGIH Biological Expos Components	ure Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)	400 mg/g	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.2 mg/l	Styrene	Venous blood	*

Methylhippuric

acids

1.5 g/g

# **Exposure guidelines**

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

US - California	OELS:	Skin	designation
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Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)

Skin designation applies.

Skin designation applies.

#### US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

### **US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

### US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

# Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Creatinine in

urine

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

Skin protection

Thermal hazards

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**Respiratory protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Color Black
Odor Solvent.
Odor threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point -138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

1.1 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

12.8 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 60.01 hPa estimated

Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 740 °F (393.33 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

Specific gravity

Density

1.14 g/cm3 estimated

Flammability class

Flammable IB estimated

Fercent volatile

65.01 w/w % By Weight
68.48 v/v % By Volume

1.14 estimated

**VOC (Weight %)** 1.36 lb/gal (Actual VOC - With Water Less Exempts)

2.67 lb/gal (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)162.64 g/L (Actual VOC - With Water With Exempts)319.46 g/L (Regulatory VOC - Less Water Less Exempts)

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials** Strong acids. Fluorine. Chlorine.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Harmful if inhaled. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting.

**Skin contact** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause an

allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

# Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Components	Species	Test Results
2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone	(CAS 108-83-8)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	16200 mg/kg
	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	1416 mg/kg
	Rat	5285 mg/kg
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20000 mg/kg
		20 ml/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
		50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5340 mg/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Carbon Black (CAS 1333-8		5 5
Acute	,	
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 8000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Dibutyltin Dilaurate (CAS 77	<del>-</del>	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	175 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-	-4)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal	D. I. I.	47000 //
LD50	Rabbit	17800 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b> LD50	Rat	2500 mg/kg
		3500 mg/kg
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98	-82-8)	
<u>Acute</u> Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	2000 ppm, 7 Hours
		24.7 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral	Nat	oooo ppiii, 4 Houis
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS		i ioo mgang
Acute	7 110 40 0)	
Dermal Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12600 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	730 mg/kg
	Rat	1.67 g/kg
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-8	36-4)	
Acute	,	
Inhalation		
LC50	Wistar rat	160 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg
	ted and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral	M	45000
LD50	Mouse	> 15000 mg/kg
	Rat	> 22500 mg/kg
Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)		
Acute		
Inhalation LC50	Mouse	4940 ppm, 2 Hours
2000	Rat	2770 ppm, 4 Hours
	Nat	
01		24 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b> LD50	Mouse	316 mg/kg
LDOU	Rat	
Trimothyl Bonzona (CAC OF		1 g/kg
Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25	001-10-1)	
<u>Acute</u> Oral		
LD50	Rat	8970 mg/kg
		<b>5 5</b>

Components Species Test Results

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

<u>Acute</u>

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 3160 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 2000 ppm, 48 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 6 g/kg

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Mouse 3907 mg/l, 6 Hours

Rat 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Mouse 1590 mg/kg

Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization** May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

112926-00-8)

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens** 

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging the unborn child. **Specific target organ toxicity -** May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-	-4)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98	3-82-8)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS	3 110-43-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-8	36-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.3 - 7.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	5.1 - 16 mg/l, 96 hours
Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-	63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition	coefficient n-octar	nol / water (log Kow)
raiuuuii	COULTICIENT II-OCIAL	ioi / water tiou now)

Acetone	-0.24
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	3.12
Ethylbenzene	3.15
Isopropyl Benzene	3.66
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	1.98
N-Butyl Acetate	1.78
Styrene	2.95
Xylene	3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow

this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Local disposal regulations

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

### 14. Transport information

The following transportation information is provided based on the manufacturer's interpretation of shipping regulations. Each shipper is responsible for identifying, naming, marking, and labeling prior to offering for transport.

DOT

**UN** number UN1263

**UN** proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound

3 **Class** Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Ш Packing group

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

149, B52, IB2, T4, TP1, TP8, TP28 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 Packaging non bulk 173 242 Packaging bulk

**IATA** 

**UN** number UN1263

**UN** proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No. 3L **ERG Code** 

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

**IMDG** 

UN1263 **UN number** 

PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid UN proper shipping name

lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk П Packing group **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No. F-E. S-E **EmS** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

Not established.



# IATA; IMDG



# 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

# TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

#### **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	Listed.	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed.	
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed.	
N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	Listed.	
Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)	Listed.	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.	

# SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous N

chemical

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Trimetyl Benzene	95-63-6	1 - < 5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0< 1.5	
Isopropyl Benzene	98-82-8	0< 1.5	
Styrene	100-42-5	0< 1.5	
Xylene	1330-20-7	0< 1.5	

# Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) Styrene (CAS 100-42-5) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

6532

#### Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

#### **US** state regulations

#### US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Bis(1, 2, 2, 6, 6-Pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) Sebacate (CAS 41556-26-7)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Silica, amorphous, precipitated and gel (CAS 112926-00-8)

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2,6-Dimethyl-4-heptanone (CAS 108-83-8)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)

Methyl n-Amyl Ketone (CAS 110-43-0)

N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)

Trimethyl Benzene (CAS 25551-13-7) Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8) N-Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Styrene (CAS 100-42-5)

Trimetyl Benzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Carbon Black (CAS 1333-86-4)
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)
Isopropyl Benzene (CAS 98-82-8)
Listed: February 21, 2003
Listed: June 11, 2004
Listed: April 6, 2010

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

#### 16. Other information

Version 2.1

Revision Date 08/12/2018

**Disclaimer** 

Our company cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.