# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

5930

Section 1. Identification		
Product name	: 5 STAR XTREME Premium Enamel Gloss White	
Product code	: 5930	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
CAS #	: Not applicable.	
Product type	: Aerosol.	
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Not applicable.		
Manufacturer	: Manufactured for: ABI / Autobody Brands International A Divison of IAMG / International Autobody Marketing Group Scottsdale, AZ 85257	
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917	
Product Information Telephone Number	: 1-87-REFINISH	
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: (216) 566-2902	
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300	

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>				
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</li> </ul>				
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 24.2%				
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms					
Signal word	: Danger				
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## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	. Deed label before use. Keen out of reach of children. If medical phyles is needed, house
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Disposal	<ul> <li>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep
	upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Acetone	25.84	67-64-1
Toluene	17.65	108-88-3
Propane	14.8	74-98-6
Butane	14.22	106-97-8
Titanium Dioxide	9.35	13463-67-7
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	4.62	763-69-9
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate	0.1	136-51-6

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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> </ul>
Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths
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## Section 4. First aid measures

	skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively

	or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L							
Protective measures	container: p not pierce o use. Avoid been read a vapor or mi Wear appro heat, spark (ventilating	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.						
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handled, st drinking an	king and smoking should ored and processed. We d smoking. Remove cor ting areas. See also Se	orkers should wash h ntaminated clothing a	nands and face and protective e	before eatir quipment be			
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	and well-ve and drink.	cordance with local regul entilated area, away from Protect from sunlight. S e containment to avoid er	incompatible materiatore locked up. Elim	als (see Sectior inate all ignition	10) and fo	od		
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Toluene	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Propane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).           TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.           TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours.           OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).           TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.           TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Butane	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	None.
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate	None.

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name Exposure limits				S	
Acetone			8 hrs OEL: 120 15 min OEL: 1 8 hrs OEL: 500 15 min OEL: 7 <b>CA British Colu</b> 5/2015). TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm <b>CA Ontario Pro</b> TWA: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	50 ppm 15 minutes. <b>umbia Provincial (Ca</b> n 8 hours. n 15 minutes. <b>vincial (Canada, 7/2</b> n 8 hours.	es. anada, 2015).
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWAEV: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 1190 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEV: 2380 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	
l'oldene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	Absorbed through skin.
	8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	5/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Propane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	5/2015).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Butane	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
	8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
	5/2015).
	TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.
	TWAEV: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).
	TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.
	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	7/2013).
	STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

**Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)** 

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Ingredient name		Exposure limits
Acetone Toluene		NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016). LMPE-PPT: 500 ppm 8 hours. LMPE-CT: 750 ppm 15 minutes. NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).
Propane		LMPE-PPT: 20 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).
Butane		LMPE-PPT: 1000 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016). LMPE-PPT: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	other engineering control recommended or statutor vapor or dust concentrativentilation equipment.	rentilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation o is to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any ry limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, ons below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requ cases, fume scrubbers, f	on or work process equipment should be checked to ensure uirements of environmental protection legislation. In some ilters or engineering modifications to the process equipment ce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection meas	ires	
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and usin Appropriate techniques s	nd face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before ig the lavatory and at the end of the working period. hould be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. hing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety workstation location.
Eye/face protection	assessment indicates this gases or dusts. If contact	g with an approved standard should be used when a risk s is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, et is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless s a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	worn at all times when ha necessary. Considering during use that the glove noted that the time to bre glove manufacturers. In	rvious gloves complying with an approved standard should be andling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check s are still retaining their protective properties. It should be eakthrough for any glove material may be different for different the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the ves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	performed and the risks i handling this product. W static protective clothing.	oment for the body should be selected based on the task being involved and should be approved by a specialist before hen there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection		any additional skin protection measures should be selected performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a this product.
Respiratory protection	appropriate standard or o	I potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the certification. Respirators must be used according to a ogram to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Not available.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	:	5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Lower: 1% Upper: 12.8%
Vapor pressure	:	101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	:	1.55 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	0.78
Solubility	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray
Heat of combustion	:	26.39 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
				per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100	
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870	-
				Micrograms	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
Titonium Disuida	Ohio Mildimitent			milligrams	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				Micrograms	
	Ohio Mildimitent	Dabbit		Intermittent	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Toluene Titanium Dioxide	-	3 2B	

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene Propane	Category 2 Category 2		Not determined Not determined Not determined Not determined

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effe	<u>its</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

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Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
	· NOT available.
Long term exposure	. Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate	: Not available.
Potential immediate effects	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health e</u>	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health e</u> Not available.	: Not available. : Not available. <u>ffects</u>
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health e</u> Not available. General	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ffects</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of</li> </ul>
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health e</u> Not available. General Carcinogenicity	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ffects</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> </ul>
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health e</u> Not available. General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ffects</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> </ul>
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects <u>Potential chronic health e</u> Not available. General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ffects</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.</li> <li>No known significant effects or critical hazards.</li> <li>Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</li> </ul>

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2598.4 mg/kg

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## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6900 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
		pseudolimnaeus - Adult	
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-	-	Readily
Toluene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Toluene	-	90	low
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate		2.96	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

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## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
	FLAMMAGE GAS				
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS</u> F-D, S-U
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
Special precaution	consi mode suitat prior respo unloa	modal shipping descr der container sizes. T of transport (sea, air oly for that mode of tra to shipment, and com nsibility of the person ding dangerous good ances and on all action	he presence of a sl , etc.), does not ind ansport. All packagi pliance with the app offering the product s must be trained o	hipping descriptior icate that the prod ng must be review plicable regulation t for transport. Pe n all of the risks d	uct is packaged /ed for suitability s is the sole ople loading and
Transport in bulk a to Annex II of MAR the IBC Code	-	ailable.			
	Proper	r shipping name	: Not available.		
	Ship ty	/pe	: Not available.		

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

#### **History**

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Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

#### Notice to reader

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## Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.